THE RECORD

MUHLENBERG'S OLDEST AND MOST SUBSTANTIAL NEWSPAPER IS UN-PARALLELED AS AN ADVER-TISING MEDIUM.



Record.

JOB PRINTING

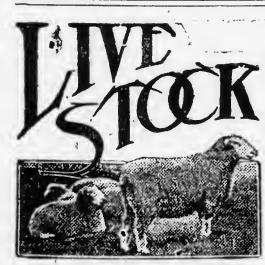
OF QUALITY PROMPTLY DONE. PRICES AS REASONABLE AS IS CONSIST-ENT WITH GOOD WORK-MANSHIP.

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VOL. XX. NO. 41

GREENVILLE, KY., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1918.

50c. PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE



SHEEP RAISING IS PATRIOTIC

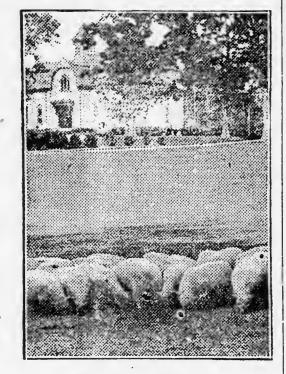
Wool From Twenty Animals Necessary to Clothe and Equip One Soldier for War Service.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

War has given the sheep and wool industry a stupendous task. There must be 20 sheep back of every soldier to clothe and equip him. This need has made sheep raising a patriotic as well as a profitable undertaking. Sheep require little bread grain, and as both wool and mutton are in strong demand, the development of the industry will contribute materially to the nation's food and clothing supply. "Farm Sheep Raising for Beginners" (Farmers' Builetin 840), a recent publication of the United States department of agriculture, contains all the general directions needed to make a start. Another recent publication of the department, entitled "Sheep and Intensive Farming" (Yearhook 1917, Separate 750), will also be found help-

For the present season wool has about trebled in price and the price of lambs has about doubled. The gross annual returns from ewes of breeding age may be expected to range from \$8 to \$15 a head, depending upon the percentage of lambs raised, the weight of the fleeces and the values for these products. The lamb and wool yield depend largely upon the breed selected. So the choice of a breed is a very important matter. There are 12 breeds of improved sheep which are well established in the United States, and a number of others are gaining in popularity. These breeds differ widely in their special points of usefulness for various sections and systems of management. These points are carefully developed in "Breeds of in many instances, H. Farm Farmers Bulle-

Sheep require a very much smaller proportion of grain than is required by other meat animals, as they get



much of their nourishment from rough tlme they keep down the weeds, which Is an improvement to the pasture. This information, with much else of lnterest and value, is to be found in "The Place of Sheep on New England Farms" (Farmers' Bulletin 929),

Sheep raising does not require expensive equipment or heavy labor. In mild latitudes little housing is needed. Important features of buildings for sheep, drawings, and bills of materlals for barns, sheds, feed racks, etc., are given in "Equipment for Farm Sheep Raising" (Farmers' Bulletin 810). In any sheep enterprise provision must be made for the guarding or fencing-in of the flock, for not only are the animals prone to stray from home pastures, but they are favorite prey for dogs, which annually inflict great losses on the industry. Winter care must be provided for, and feed and sheltered quarters must be available in cold weather. Persons who desire to raise sheep are advised to enter the industry with a view of staying for several years at least. The useful life | plied to one-half the orchard (ten of a sheep is about six years.

Labor-Saving Value of Animais is Important, for They Are Effective Grass Cutters.

(Prepared by the United States Depart-

ment of Agriculture.) In the winning of this war guns and bullets are no more important than Ore., irrigated three acres of apple bread and weat. Several million acres | trees in furrows 350 feet long, spaced of land in the United States produce | 3 feet apart. About a miner's inch good summer feed for sheep, but are of water was turned into each alternot grazed at present. Effort should | nate furrow from a wooden head flume be made to secure the most economic and kept on for about 48 hours. After use of every acre, and much may be the soil had become sufficiently dry it accomplished in this direction by the was cultivated, and in eight or ten raising of a few sheep in public parks, | days thereafter water was turned into on golf courses and private lawns. The | the alternate rows, which were left dry use of sheep in lawns and parks has during the first irrigation. been extensive in England. The laborsaving value of sheep is important, for they are unat and effective grass cut-

IRRIGATION OF AN ORCHARD

Plan Outlined for Proper Distribution of Water in Furrows-Grade Varies Widely.

From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

In irrigating orchards by the furrow method the length of the lateral ditches or furrows is governed by the size of the orchard and character of the

The rows of citrus trees seldom exceed 40 rods in length, but the apple orchards of the northwest are larger as a rule. Even in large tracts it is doubtful if it ever pays to run water in furrows more than about 600 feet. Where the soil is open and water sinks readily through it, short furrows should be used, otherwise much water is lost in deep percolation on the upper part of the tract. Prof. H. Culbertson of San Diego County, Cal., after a careful investigation of this subject has reached the conclusion that on sandy or gravelly soil having a steep slope the proper length of furrows is 200 feet, whereas on heavier soils and flatter slopes the length may be increased to 600 feet..

The grade of furrows varies quite widely. In flat valleys it often is not possible to obtain a fall greater than l Inch to 100 feet, whereas on steep slopes the fall may reach 20 inches per 100 feet. On ordinary soils a grade of 3 to 4 inches is to be preferred, and where the fall exceeds 8 to 10 inches in such a way as to decrease the slope of the furrows.

depends on the age of the trees, the space between the rows, the depth of furrow, and the character of the soil. Nursery stock is irrigated by one or two furrows and young trees by two te four. A common spacing for shallow furrows is 21/2 feet, but deeper furrows are 3 to 4 feet apart. The general trend of orchard practice is toward deep rather than shallow fur-

In spacing furrows chier co tion shoul? be given to the lateral movement of moisture in the soil on each side of the furrows, so as to insure a fairly unlform distribution of

The furrowing implement most commonly used by the citrus orchardists of southern Callfornia consists of a sulky frame to which are attached two or three mold-board plows. Those who prefer a small number of deep

furrows use a 12 to 14-inch corn lister. In the Payette Vailey, Idaho, 200 or more miner's inches are turned into the head ditch and divided up by means of wooden spouts into a like number of furrows. On steep ground much smaller streams are used. The length of the furrow varies from 300 fect on steep slopes to 600 feet and more on flat slopes. The time required to moisten the soil depends on the length of the furrow and the nature of the soil. In this locality it caries from three to 36 hours.

A 20-acre orchard tract under the Sunnyside canal in the Yakima Valley,



Wash,, is watered four times in each season with 14 miner's inches (0.35 cubic foot per second). Three furrows are made between the rows, which are 40 rods long. acres) and kept on 48 hours.

On the clayey loams of the apple SHEEP FOR "SLACKER" ACRES orchards on the east bench of the Bitter Region of the Re formerly horticulturist of the agricultural college of Montana, has found, as a result of experimenting, that it requires from 12 to 14 hours to moisten the soil in furrow irrigation 4 feet

deep and a feet sldeways. In 1908 an orchardist of Hood River,

Product of Some Orchards. Some orchards produce mainly a

crop of insects for the chickens.



"Gee! I wish there was something I could do!

X THEN you think of what the boys "over there" are doing to help the great cause of freedom, wouldn't you just give anything to be there and help them? Wouldn't you fairly jump at the chance to do anything in the world to back up the men that are fighting?

You can't be there yet, of course, but there is a place for a boy who wants to help our country, a place where he can show the stuff he is made of as well as he could over in France.

There is a new opportunity for boys who want to do their share toward winning the war. It is called the Victory Boys. Its motto is, "A million boys behind a million fighters."

The organizations for which the Victory Boys are working provide the soldier with his movie theatre, his church, his club, his store where he buys the little everyday things

he needs. When he is hungry, they

feed him; when he is tired, they comfort him.

Property of the second of the second

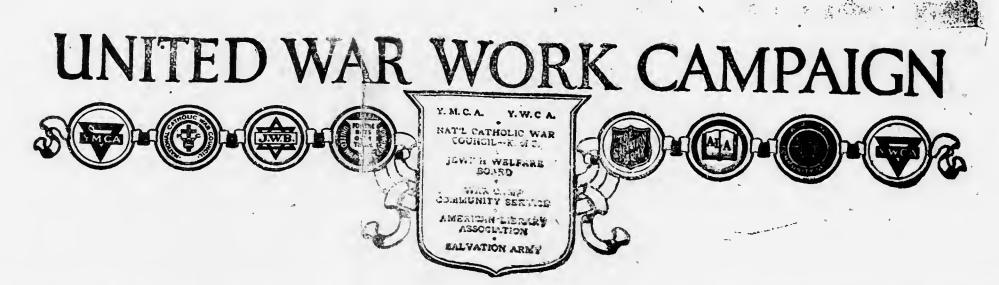
When you enroll with the Victory Boys, you pledge yourself to go out and earn money for this great work that the soldier needs so much. Ask your neighbors for odd jobs. Tell them of the great cause you are working for. If you can pledge yourself to earn \$20, remember that for five months you are taking care of one soldier—your soldier.

Wear the Victory Boys buttonit is a badge of honor. It means that you are doing everything in your power to help your country

to victory.



For further Information inquire at the Victory Boys Division of your local committee for the



This Space contributed by a party of "Victory" Girls and Boys who are going to help win this

United War Work Campaign

Au ludependent Newspaper,

PUBLISHED THUESDAYS BY RECORD PRESS. ORDEN L ROARK, Secretary.

ORIEN L. KOARK, EDITOR. Long-Distance Telephone, No. 72.

Ollice in Annex rear I: wrk store, ground floor. 59 CENTS PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

TERMS. The subscription price of the paper is payable to advance, and when the time has expired wnich it is paid, the paper will be stopped. Cards of thanks, obituary notices, etc., if not longer than ten lines, will be published free. A charge of 5c. per line will be made for succeeding lines. No variation of this rule to anyone.

Free sample copies will be malled. Advertisements will be inserted. A rate card Address all communications and make all re mittances payable to RECORD PRESS,
Greenville Ky.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1918

Entered at the Greenville, Ky., postoffice second-class matter.

"We Must Make Sacrifices in order to win the war.' ---WOODROW WILSON



--- This paper has enlisted with the government in the cause of America for the period of the war-----

One War Work solicitor reports that he has been refused by only one person, but that was more than offset by two donors who he asked to and invues your visits. ... reduce their subscription one-half. as they were giving more than their share, as everybody is expected to help, and the response is fine.

Good Roads Meeting

The annual meeting of the Kentucky Highway Engineers' Association, formerly the County Read Engineers' Association of Kentucky will be held at Owensboro, Kentucky, on November 12th, 13th and 14 h. (918

Previous meetings have always been held to February but the officers of association decided to change the date of meeting for two leas

First, on account of bad weather conditions it has always been almost impossible to inspect the roads. We feel that opportunity should be given all the members to see roads Victrolas for holiday remembrances. during the good weather so that we all may learn more of what constito'es a good road. Past meetings have not been of the greatest benefit because inspection trips could not be arranged.

made in-the program. Instead of the usual speeches indoors it is plan ned to have all speaking done ontdoors. The speech on "Gravel Roads" will be delivered right on a gravel road. The speech on Maca dam Roadsn will be delivered righ on that kind of a road and a history of that particular road will be given All members will be driven in auto mobiles to the various roads. The members will be told how to build concrete bridges and a small bridge will be built while the speaker ex plains how the concrete should be mixed and how the steel should be placed. The various methods of repairing roads will be explained while the Daviess County teams and machines actually do the work.

Daviess County has all kinds of roads from gravel to macadam rock asphalt and brick within easy reach of Owensburo.

.The county owns and operates the most complete road building cusfit in the State. Sixty head of inules. several to lers, many graders, etc. shop. An exhibition of all this outfit a work will be given.

It is planned to make the meeting the wast practical and beneficial gathering ever held by the road boilds, tot Kentacky. It is dimented terrals are so difficult to secure.

ing as possible

J. W. Sparrier, County Road Engi-neer of D. viess County, President, R. C. Heath, Road Engineer, De- Dr. Emily Beltslay, Ostoonalh pawern of Fiblio konds, Secretary and freasurer.

War Work Welfare Campaign

November 11-18 will bring the National campaign for funds for he Welfare War Work, when \$250, oco,ooo will be raised to carry on this most worthy and necessary work. Muhlenberg county has been alloted \$15,750 of Kentucky's quota of \$1,770,800, and we will not fail, as all our people are alive to the benefits our boys receive from these various agencies--and we will not

Message to Music Lovers.

It is a brave man who will try to lispute the verdict of Galli-Curci. Heifels, Caruso, McCormack, Farrar, Gluck and scores of other supreme judges. This verdict is that the Victrola is far superior to all other instruments, and the only one worthy of recording their art. Secure a Victrola now, and enjoy the artistry of the greatest singers and playing organizations of the whole world, right in your nome. Call at Roark's and see the Victrola and have demonstrations.

The Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A. Salvation Army, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare League and the other united agencies are doing a great part in helping win this war, and they are saving the boys who will come back to us. Prepare to give liberally to the \$170,500,000 fund that will be raised week of Nov. 11 18. Muhlenberg's allotnent is \$10 500.

large supply of instruments just now.

Notice to Drafted Men.

On and after October 8th., 1918. all cases coming before the District Exemption Board, Division No. 2, Western District, at Madisonville Kentecky, either for classification or on motion to reopen will be heard and tried only on affidavits filed with the Board. No witnesses, unless summoned by the Board, will be allowed to appear before the Board either in person or by attorney af-

Sept 24th., 1913.

at Simmons shop. Do your Christmas shopping

briest millinery for young and old

early. Roark has already sold two

Home And Lot For Sale.

6-room house, 2 1-2 acres land, 2 wells and cisterns, barn and outbuildings, on W. Main cross street, for sale. Also a lot of mill slabs, Second, a radical change has been delivered in town, at \$r 50 per load. J. N. Clemmons.

> Davenetts at less prices and better upholstery at Roark's.

In view of conditions which now exist, and with the outlook for bettes not in the least encouraging, so far as output is concerned, you should arrange at once with Roark or your Victrola, for it is a sure thing that the demand will continue

Bought for one, enjoyed by al!that's the Victrola.

Used Machines For Sale.

Roark has a number of used sewing machines of different makes, taken in exchange for the White'rotary, which will be sold very cheap. These machines have all been overhauled, are in good condition, and should be seen.

See the velvets, georgette crepes, satins etc, on display at the Simmons

Get typewriter ribbons at this

Announcement,

Select your Victiola for Christ, at any time to build good roads and mas now. We planned months ago ru war times the best methods most so that you may have assurance of be used or nothing of value can be at instrument if you arrange now for accomplished when labor and ma- it. Stocks are low, all over the country, as the demand has increased The City of Owensboro and Davi- vastly over any previous period, and ess County will entertain all visitors with scarcity of labor- and lessened royally and no pains will be spared material supply at the factory, the to make the visit pleasant as well as usual shortage of Victrolas at hobvaluable. Members of the Associ day times will be more scute this ation are arged to bring as many year than hererofore. Select your friends of Good Roads to the meet instrument and have delivery made when you wish

Telephone Job W. Green Br. Ky.

Fur, turbans and feather hats made to order at the Simmons shop.

No matter what sort of talking machine you have, you can exchange it for a Victrola, and Roark will give you fullest allowance.

Keep your husband, son or sweetheart as you would wish by giving to the War Work fund.

Help keep up the morals and morate of our soldier boys by giving to the War Work fund.

A hair mattress lasts a lifetime. and gives greatest service. Get one from Roark.

Word has been received here of he death in France of Alvin Miller, of pneumonia. He was a popular young man, and was winning recognition in the service.

November clearing sale of hats at Simmons shop at one fourth off.

Small rooms can be papered at half, from Roark's reinnants.

Full line oatmeal paper, all colors ust received at Roark's. Needles and all sorts of sewing

nachine supplies at Roark's.

E. N. Martin does altering, repairing, cleaning and pressing. Have him care for your clothes.

Everyone could not buy a Liberty Bond, but there is no one who can-Buy a Victrola now, and save the not give to the United War Work 10 per cent, war tax. Roark has a fund, and they should, for this is first portion of American territory in equally important with any branch of the service.

Job printing at this office.

Good morning! Still buying

Trade with Roark, who teaches duced our dollars to have more cents.

Victrolas stay sold, and give the buyer no trouble. See Roark and arrange for one.

. We will pay a straight salary of \$35 oo per week for man with rig has been furnished by the depart-Six months contract. Write quick, ton, the Trod us niloticus, common-Chairman. Eureka Mfg. Co. East St. Louis,

> Everybody pays the same price machines. Buy the machine of recognized, superior qualities from

Muhlenberg will never invest any returns that our \$15,750 in United market, etc., out it is understood that War Work will yield.

War Work Campaign above all.

THIS POINTER

IS WORTH **FOLLOW ING**

GUAM IS A LOYAL ISLAND Voluntary Universal Training Helps Very Waterially in Ameri-

canization. How far the people of the Pacific sland of Guam have progressed in the process of Americanization is indicated in the current issue of the Guam News Letter copies of which have recently reached Seattle, Wash., the Post-Intelligencer of that city states. The island, which is our cable outpost for the Philippine islands and the orient, is governed by Capit, Roy C. Smlth of the American navy, under the oversight of the may department. Captain Smith seems to be developing a very ardent brand of Americanism among, the island people, who are known as Chamorros and have a strong admixture of Spanish blood. The News Letter describes the celebration of Washington's birthday in Gnam, to which the people flocked from all parts of the island, coming by lame h, owing to the absence of any island highway system. The proceeds of the arions enterprises, automnting to \$1,270.55, were donated to the Red Cross, and we gather that the program

of annisoment was purely American. For instance, the "hot dog" stand realized \$108.94; Butler's soda, \$158.-50; knock the cat down, \$112.07; the moving picture show, \$75.90; the jitney dance, \$45.60; wheel of fortune, \$350.10; lemonade stand, \$72.03; baseball game, \$16.40. From all sources the Red Cross received \$1,500, and subscriptions were given for \$50,000 in Liberty bonds.

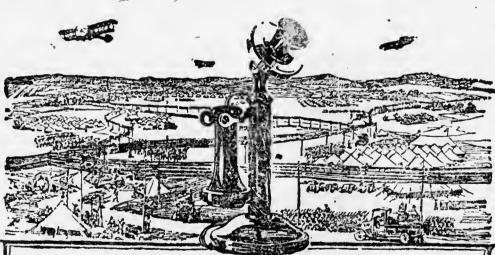
More than this, the island militia had its first parade. Some time ago Governor Smith put into effect a universal military training law at the request of the people, this being the which such a law has been made effective. There are 1.000 militiamen, the government supplying gans and ammunition and the regular khaki uniform of the United States army. Seven per cent of Guam's population is in the militia, at which rate, if we of the mainland kepting with the Chamorros, we should have an army of 7,000,000. The flags and floats of the parade ina tremendous enthusiasm in

SHELLS TO USE FOR BUTTONS

A Species That Is Abundant in New Zealand Can Be Used to Advantage.

According to information which to introduce Eureka Egg Producer, ment of internal affairs at Wellingused in the ranufacture of buttons, for the Victrola, while no two per- the total, Ostrana suleata. They are sons pay the same amount for other not at present used for the manufacthe pana being much the commoner.

sought for connercial purposes, there is no way of exectaining their cost money which will bring the glorious the method of disposing of production, they are very easily gathered as the tide cobs and flows on the sandy beaches about the island.—Scientific



Nation-Wide Preparedness

North, South, East, West—all working to put the Nation in fighting trim!

Army and Navy departments and districts, camps, yards, coast-guard stations, light houses, munition, construction and textile plants-all coordinating to mould the vast organization into an effective homogeneous force! And in this enormous task the country's telephone network has been and will continue to be the great indispensable agent of communication.

The Bell system has enlisted every resource at its command and offered all unreservedly to

This, together with the immensely increased commercial demand for service, the general shortage of materials, and the enlistment and draft of a large number of technically trained employes who cannot be replaced, will, it is hoped, be borne in mind by every loyal American if there should later result the necessity for subordinating private convenience to the pressing needs of the govern-

We are not sitting idly by and waiting for a bright day when our money can buy equipment. We are using every means at our command to keep our service up to its usual high standard. You will want to help because you will be helping your own service and enabling us to do a better job for Uncle Sam.

/ We appreciate co-operation.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY Incorporated



G. C. MORGAN, Local Manager, Greenville, Ky.

Santa wants to leave a Victrola at your home this Christmas

This store is Santa's Victrola Headquarters. The old gentleman is firmly convinced that every home should have a Victrola, and we agree with him. So if you'll come in and select the Victrola you want, we'll pass the good word to Santa and have him stop around at your house on Christmas Eve with the exact instrument of your choice. You can get a Victrola at \$25, \$40, \$50, \$75, \$100, \$150, \$200 or \$300 to suit your

taste and need. And no matter which you get, from the smallest to the largest, it is always the supreme musical instrument of the world, and it brings you the true art of the world's greatest singers. musicians, comedians, bands and orchestras.

And if Christmas shopping has been "too much" for your pocketbook, so that you feel the need of easy terms, (mighty easy they are, too) just mention the matter to us and you can get your Victrola and enjoy it without the slightest inconvenience on the "money end"

VICTROLAS, Records, Cabinets, Supplies LYON & HEALY Pianos, Players, Merchandise

Roark Estate ORIEN L. ROARK, Manager Greenville, Kentucky

Home and Office Furnishings, Undertakers, Embalmers Long-Distance Telephones-72-108





It costs us 24 billion to keep him equipped and only 170 million to keep him smiling. Let's do to This space paid for and contributed, with their financial and physical heip, by patriotic Negroes who wish every success to the United War Work Campaign.





New York Clipper
Greatest Theatrical Paper in America.

Ah persons interested in the happen-AMUSEMENT WORLD. PUBLISHED WEEKLY, \$4 PER YEAR. SINGLE COPY, 10 CENTS. For Sale by all Newsdealers in all parts of the world. SAMPLE COPY FREE.



Greenville Ky,



122 Louisville Express..... 12.11 pm

New Orleans special...... 3.43 pm 103 N. O. spec. 1.22 am Stops to discharge revenue passengers from Louisville and parts beyond. W. G. CRAWFORD, Agt.

Local Mention.

U. W. W. C.

Persimmons are ripe.

Pay your taxes and save penalty.

Typewriter ribbons, all makes at The Record Office.

We twice celebrated cessation of hostilities, but it was worth it.

This will be a glorious Thanksgiv-

Roark for pianos, Victrolas, records, cabinets.

caused by the paraders. Everything aside for War Work

Campaign! giving day.

Help furnish Muhlenberg's fund of \$15,750 to the United War Work

las, have advanced to \$25 and \$35, County Treasurer, Greenville, each, a raise of \$2.50.

U. W. W. C:

and many deaths.

Best goods, lowest prices are the rule at the Simmons shop.

but volunteer your subscription to ar Work fund,

asbestos table mats from Roark.

Make the boys know you are behind them by your subscription to the War Work fund.

Let E. N. Martin help you save by putting and keeping vour clothes in good condition, and save you the expense of high priced outfits now.

()ver the top with our War Work subscriptions, like our boys did in their fighting.

Old hats remodeled at the Sim mons shop.

Show your appreciation of the ef forts, sacrifice and service of our boys by going "Over the Top," as they did, and supply the funds need ed by the Y. M. C. A. and six other organizations which are making and keeping our boys cheerful, comfortable and clean.

"Rody" To Sing In France.

Homer Rodeheayer has gone to teach Pershing's boys how to sing "Brighten the Corner Where You Are." Escorting his celebrated old trombone, wearing the Y. M. C. A. uniform, Billy Sunday's chorus master will be a soldier song leader for the duration of the war. "Rody" is to specialize in the one song he made especially famous, but plans to dispense other, non-evangelistic successes, such as "The Last Long Mile" and "Good Morning Mr. Zip Zip Zip!"

Willie Thomas Williams

Miss Willie Williams, daughter Mr. and Mrs G. B. M. Williams died at Hyattsville, Md., last Thurs day, of pulmonary tuberculosis, af ter a brief period of illness at the home of her sister, Mrs. Cam How Government service at Washington. If I had sourthern pone to eat ly in their sorrow.

comfortable and clean until they realloyal sourthern dame would travel turn to us, by siving to our utmost round and show us how. to the War Work funds.



\$15,750 of the \$250,000,000 or 15 per cent above 1917. The into be raised in this country for crease of the crop that is marketed in the United War Work being while for the boxed crop a decrease Good morning! Have you done by the seven organizations of 17 per cent is indicated. helped win the War Work campaign? operating in this country and in Nov. 11 will be our new Thanks- we have had. Every man, woman and child in the county should give to the limit, but The flu situation is improving, that will not-be necessary, if but new cases are still appearing, everyone will respond, for it is only about 50 cents for each inhabitant of the county. If you are not solicited, get your subscription to any of the workers who are covering the county, or Two models, No. 4 and 6 Victro mail it to Mr. John T. Reynolds, Ky, and do so at once, as the campaign closes Monday.

The tones on a Victrola spring and mingle as on no other instrument. The light weight on the needle does Don't wait to be solicited, away with the gritty, grabby, scratchy noise so manifest on all other machines, and insures the supreme delights of music, song and story. See and hear at Roark's.

They Are the

Y. M. C. A. National Catholic War Council. Jewish Welfare Board. Salvation Army.

American Library Association. War Camp Community Service. Y. W. C. A.

These seven organizations, working together, have helped every solways which could have been done by no other agency. The work bemore necessary, for our fighting men will face the dangers of idleness, and indifference, carelessness and recklessness must be fought against. The period of temptation might be more hurtful than the dangers of war. Give to the limit, and then some, to the United War Work Campaign fund. Muhlenberg's al- hined. lotment of the \$250,000,000 needed

Corn Pone.

is \$15,750, and we will do our bit.

Some loyal women from the south should teach us how to make corn pone, the kind one pushes in his mouth and bids farewell to grief and groan. All kinds of bread are being is over for the next year's crop, is by nearly all of the states, which remade to take the place of wheaten loaves; inventive women are arrayed around the nation's cooking stoves. I've eaten bread composed of rice, I've eaten bread they made of bran and some was punk and some was nice and some was but an also ran. I've eaten stuff they called cornbread the kind that helps to win the war; and it outweighed a bar of lead and asted like exceisior. Down in the south they make corn pone that soothes the soul, it is so nice; a ard, where she had been living. For pampered menarch on his throne to admit sanlight and air from above. several months she had been in the might envy one who has a slice. Do not remove strong lower limbs if sist them better than the was ones. Her father had been with her for would not care a finetooth comb if several days, and brought the body all the mills quit grinding wheat unhome. Interment was in Evergreen til the speckled cows come home. cemetery at 3 o'clock Saturday af- Anon a northern woman cries, "I termoon, following a service at the know just how that pone is made: graveside conducted by Rev. W. C. If're been down south and I am wise Frank. Deceased was a talented. to all the secrets of the trade " And ambitious young woman, and had a then she tries to show her skill and host of admirers who join the family makes cornbred that I would like to shovel into Kaiser Bill until his fident assurance of best goods at the country, to find o'd his proworks went on a strike. We can't lowest prices. Our boys have helped win the make pone deserving fame, all honwar, now let us keep them cheerful, est northerners allow; I wish some

WALT MASON.

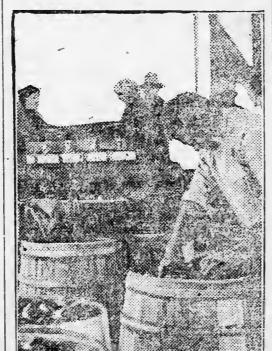


Makes Up for Decrease in Boxes -New York Gains.

(Prepared by the United States Depart-

ment of Agriculture.) Commercial apples will be more plentiful this year than in 1917. This prospect is more especially true for the barreled crop than for the entire commercial erop, because the boxed crop of California and the Pacific northwest will be below that of 1917. Based on July conditions, the prospective commercial apple crop has the promise of 25,711,000 barrels (boxes Muhlenberg has been allotted being expressed in terms of barrels), barrels is estimated at 34 per cent,

Distinctive apple producing regions are known to the trade and are becom-Europe, serving our soldiers and ing known to the general public. This There was one runaway Monday sailors in so many beneficial year, the most prominent region for ways. We have never failed to barreled apples is western New York, where a commercial erop of 5,320,000 do our full share, on every call barrels is indicated, compared with made, and we will not fall down last year's crop of only 1,118,000 baron this, the most necessary call rels. Next in prominence, this year, is the Shenandoah-Cumberland district.



Facking Shed.

extending from Virginia through Maryland into Pennsylvania. The indicated Cop is 1,973,000 barrels, a slight relative gain over 1917. The wester Michigan crop, this year, will increase to 756,000 barrels from 350,000 in 1917. according to the July estimate; the erop of the Champlain district of New York and Vermont, to 174,000 barrels from 120,000 in 1917; of the Rome

Beauty district in southern Ohio, to 258,000 barrels from 122,000 in 1917. Other barreled apple districts decline in prospect. The New England Baldwin belt declines from 750,000 barrels in 1917 to 651,000 in 1918; the dier and sailor, in a multitude of Hudson Valley, from 1,074,000 barrels to 826,000; the Piedmont district of Virginia, from 485,000 barrels to 371,fore them is greater than ever, and from 1,300,000 barrels to 936,002; the Ozarks, from 793,000 barrels to 546,000, and the Missouri river region, from 1,-

239,000 barrels to SS2,000. The commercial apples that are marketed in barrels will amount to 18,601, tion barrels this year, it is estimated, against 13,856,000 barrels in 1917, and of this production 29 per cent will come from western New York and 39 per cent from that district and the Shenandoah-Cumberland district com-

GIVE RASPBERRY GOOD CARE

It is Well to Remember That Old Canes Should Be Cut Out at End of Fruiting Season.

disease-free plants.

PROPER PRUNING OF TREES

To Secure Low, Broad-Spreading System Begin at Top to Admit Sun and Air From Above.

Begin at the top in pruning a tree to secure a low, broad-spreading troublesome on live stock. They do branching system, with open center. es throughout the main hedy of the If the tree is shaded by too much growth at the top, the inner and lower twigs will weaken and die instead of bearing fruit.



The Victicla, at home and abroad times over, and comparisons will plainly show you why. Roark will gladly

Tests Conducted by Burgar of Animal Industry and the Alabama Experiment Stat on.

repared by the United States Department of Agriculture.) In cattle feeding concests conducted by the burean of animal industry of the department of agriculture and the Alabama experiment station, covering ncrease in Barreled Crop More Than a period of five years, the fattening of grade calves for market proved prongable in every test made.

> Cottonseed meal, cottonseed huis and alfalfa hay proved to he an excellent ration and a profitable one for fattening calves. Cottonseed meal and



Stock Raisers Will Find It to Their Advantage to Take More Pains to Find Out Needs of Their Animals and Feed Them Accordingly.

cottonseed hulls proved to be a good fattening ration for calves for a short feeding period. When fed in conjunction with cot-

tonseed meal, corn silage of rather poor quality produced the same daily gains on calves as did cottonseed hulls and cheapened the east of the daily

cottonseed meal in a ration with corn did not prove profitable when corn cost 70 cents a bushel and cottons and mea

In one test it was profitable to replace one-third of the cotton-sed meal with corn-and-cob meal, but 'n a second test nothing was gained by the incorn-and-cob meal made slightly largor daily gains and sold for more than did the calves which received cottonseed meat as the sole concentrate. The second year the addition of cost to the ration did not increase daily gains, nor did the ealves which received corn sell for any more per

In a third test 52 high grade Aberdeen-Angus calves fed on a ration of two pounds of cowpea hay and as much cottonseed hulls as they would eat made daily gains at a cost of \$5.55 per hundred pounds and returned a net

profit of \$3.50 each. In a fourth experiment 3 ealves which were fed for 112 days in the dry lot and then fed 89 days on pasture made good daily gains, but the profits during the summer were good and were made cheaply, but the price of calves was so much lower in the summer than at the close of winter that the continued feeding into the summer months was not prefitable.

NOW FREE OF TUBERCULOSIS

Pure-Bred Herds That Have Successfully Passed Annual Tes's Are Placed on Accredited Lat,

(Prepared by the United State, Depart-One hundred and severy-one herets. pure-bred herds of cattle free from tubereulosis which the department of agrienlture is developing to it sure disease-free sources of pure-bred stocks. In the care and management of In order to have his herd accredited raspberry plantations, it is well to re- the owner must comply with uniform member that the old cames should be rules approved by the United States borne on the new wood and the old quire that every animal pass at least canes only tend to spread various two successful annual tubercular tests fungous diseases. Another thing, In addition to the number of here where anthracuose is prevalent, it is mentioned, more than 600 offers have advisable to start a new plantation passed one successful test in prepara about every third year, setting clean, tion for accrediting. One of he many advantages of having accredited herds which is proving popular with breed state shipments accompanied by a certificate at any time within he year without subjecting the anima sto further tuberculin tests.

External parasites are extremely most injury when the animaly are law

Hogs Must Have Vat -Hogs must have water to clink, and if they cannot get free clear water in the trough or found in wy wall drink wherever they find a der, re-

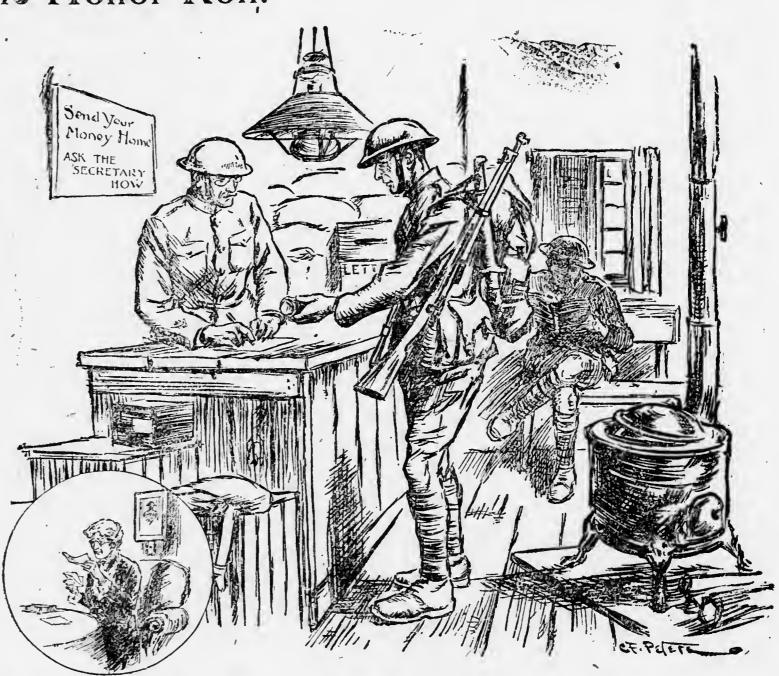
gardless of its condition. Magazine Vote Approxes Vigreta

magazines conducted it s among its readers, located il (of them had a talking were co any kind, and how their p forence ran. Out of the 40 responses 13 outsells any instrument, many ceived, 132 gave the Victrula as the one they chose. There were 12 dif-

Just recently one in

ferent machines in the list

is going "OVER THE TOP" in this War Work Campaign, and Muhlenberg will be on the Honor Roll.



Mother Needed Money -and She Got It!

N American soldier hurries along the street of a shell-torn village, keeping close to the shelter of the crumbling walls, and runs up the steps of a battered chateau.

He climbs to a room where sandbags are piled high to the ceiling. Behind a rough counter stands a man of middle age-a man with an emblem on his arm and a smile on his face.

"In a hurry this morning, buddie?" he asks.

"You bet I am," pants the soldier. "We're going into the trenches at noon."

"Can I help you?"

The boy thrusts one hand into his pocket and with the other points to a sign on the wall. It reads: - "SEND YOUR MONEY HOME -Ask the Secretary How."

"Can I send this to my mother?" he asks, and draws out a roll of French bills. "She needs it."

"Of course you can," says the secretary. He counts the money carefully -twice - and then does a little figuring.

"That makes \$84.60 in American money." "And will you see that my mother gets it?"

"We will," is the answer. "I'll give you this receipt and I'll send your money to the nearest headquarters. They will forward it to Paris, and Paris will tell New York to mail your mother a check for your \$84.60."

"How much will it cost me to have you do that?"

The answer is it won't cost him one cent. His mother will get the whole \$84.60. Every week the War Work organizations are transmitting more than half a million dollars from the boys over there to the home folks over here.

Why you should give twice as much as you ever gave before!

The need is for a sum 70% greater than any gift ever asked for since the world began. The Government has fixed this sum at \$170,500,000. By giving to these seven organizations all at once, the cost and effort of six ad-

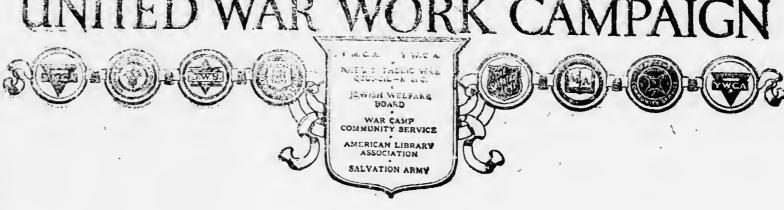
ditional campaigns is saved. Unless Americans do give twice as much as ever before, our soldiers and sailors may not enjoy during 1919 their: 3,600 Recreation Buildings 2,500 Libraries supplying 5,000,000 books

85 Hostess Houses ,000 Miles of Movie Film 100 Leading Stage Stars 15,000 Big-brother "secretaries" 2.000 Athletic Directors Millions of dellars of home comforts

When you give double, you make sure that every fighter has the cheer and comforts of these seven organizations every step of the way from home to the front and back again. You provide him with a church, a-theatre, a cheerful home, a store, a school, a club, and an athletic field-and a knowledge that the folks back home are with him, heart and soul! You have loaned your money to supply their physical needs. Now give to maintain the Morale that is winning the war!

From the time your fighter starts for a cantonment until he reaches a front-line dug-out the seven organizations are ministering to him in big ways and little ways, to take the worries off his shoulders and to carry cheer and comfort to him. One aim -one need-now, altogether)

ED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN



Good Demonstration Made by Motor-· Practical Test Quite Recently.

At its meeting in Chicago the United States Chamber of Commerce adopted a resolution that the government, through the president and the director general of railroads, be petitioned, among other things, to "complete trunk highways for heavy traffie where they can be used in relieving railroad congestion." Note the phrase "heavy traffie"-which calls, not merely for graded highway rights of way, but for hard surface, cement, asphalt or brick roadbeds eapable of sustainieg the heaviest trucks and dependable in all sorts of weather.

The day is coming—in fact, It is here—when such highways are almost an absolute necessity. In some sections of the country, due to railroad inadequacy to meet the traffic deurands, paved cross-country highways rre indispensable to commerce and community prosperity.

So, while we are building goads let us fauld them, not for today, but for the days to come, says Atlanta Constitution. Is will be cheaper in the long run, and wasfly more satisfactory from the "word 'go,"

The dollars-and-cents saving, and the time economy, in hard swelger reads were clearly demonstrated by s Marthern motortrack firm in s practical test completed some time ago when a consignment of heavy merchandise was moved overland from Detroit, Mich., to Toledo, O.

"The total pay toad carried by a sometin tractor truck and two trailers was 12 tons," says Automobile Topics in discussing the trip. "The joad was esspributed as follows: Two tons on the typek, six tons on a fivecon trailer and toor tons on a threeson agrifer. The trip was made in eight and a half hours over 48 miles of gement and asphalt and 12 miles of diri read. Algorit exactly as much time was required to travel over the dirt road as over the coment, because



Improved Highway in Ohio.

there was no foundation to the road , oth the smiler and trucks .Three tourths of a gallon of oil and 22 gallons of gasoline were

The real pill of the "argument fies in the fact that almost as much time -and, of course, more oil and gas- the usual hatchandling of eggs, and the was consumed in traveling 12 miles of cirt road as was required to make the 48 miles over the hard-surface highway.

And again: Consider the differonce in value of the respective types of road to the abutting property and to the county and the state containing

LOADS AT END OF GOOD ROAD before the first hens are set, the eggs

quired to Haul Wagons Over Unimproved Country Highway.

the good road, a public road specialist number of the best of the flock should of the department of agriculture re- be separated from the rest. cently had observations made in different sections of the country. Observers probably be more satisfactory in most noted many country-bound feamsters cases to confine the cuits and give the who drove two loaded wagons, harhed portion of the farm flock used fiff one behind the other, to the end of the breeders the usual accommodations good road, where they left one wagon and range. The culls may be shut in by the roadside to be returned for small quarters without yard if neceshater while all the power of their teams sary, while that is not advisable for was devoted to hanling a single wagon | breeding stock. ever the main proved highway.

Farmers bound for market frequence ly were seen to have wood and similar advances of farmers undertaking to products to the Logisages of the good increase and improve their flocks to road, there dumping them goal return- buy standard males of general-purpose ing for a second load. When has arnoted, the two loads were consolidated such easily houled by a single tento the chicks, to say nothing of the probable remaining distance to market over the increase in age production. From one improved road.

blanket in a road, if maintained, is and Wyundottes, Plymouth Rocks and conservation Many an old migeadam Orpingtons. road can be saved if taken in theth Perpetual maluan ance is the price of

Crocked Road Is Dangerpus. With modern means of 4+sdie 8 1 erooked road is a dangerous road, therefore, every road budder should endeavor to straighten his guiters. Besides, crooked gutters have a had ap-

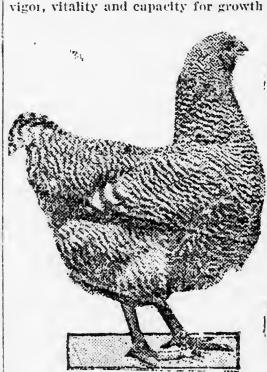




American Standard Breeds Are Good Producers of Meat and Eggs-Farm Hens Are Small.

United States Department o Agriculture.)

ready some supply of poultry, the problem for the farmer is one of increase and not, like that of the city dweller who undertakes to keep hens to supply his own table with eggs, one of securing the foundation stock. While the American standard breeds are, for general purposes, the best, it is not urged that they he made to supplant other breeds where the other breeds are established and where they can be produced with a fair degree of success and of profit. The American standard breeds, broadly speaking, are the larger breeds of general-purpose fowl, good producers of both meat and eggs, as distinguished from the small breeds that are specialized egg producers. Farmers and farmers' wives who have built up their own flocks, and know the peculiarlties of their breed and how to make the most of them will do best by keeping the hens that they have, even though they he small and inferior as meat producers, instead of trying to replace them with heavier ones. In growing chicks, the quality—the



Barred Plymouth Rock Female, Bred at United States Government Farm,

-that the chick has when it starts in life count for at least as much as good

conditions and good care. Also, in growing stack for layers, it is especially important at this time when a large tagrease in ment produets is needed, to avoid breeding from undersized specimens. Whatever may be tile facts as to the relative value of large and would hens as layers, as that question relates to standard brands, the question is irrelevant in this farm poultry production campaign, for farm hens are nearly all smail according to standards for improved breeds of

The ordinary farm first contains a large proportion of hens quite unfit tor breeding-having no quality which it is desirable to reproduce. The eggs from these small not be used for hatching, but, as far an gossible, oggs used for harding should be tran the best hens in the flock. To determine how many of these are needed, an estimate must be made, basing it upon probable length of the butching sea-

The ordinary average of juiches extending over a period of several months is about 70 per cent. If uti the chicks are hatched eurly the length of the hatching season is about six weeks, from the setting of the first to the setting of the last hen used. Allowing two weeks for saving eggs used for hatching must be laid within Double Amount of Team Power Re- eight weeks. Allowing for rejections of small and defective eggs, provision should be made for whelt 500 eggs in eight weeks. This means a fleck of To see what happens at the end of 15 to 20 hens as breeders. Such a

As a matter of Mayenience it will

The next thing to consider is and niffle. In many cases it will be to the breeds because of the additional size and weight such males will give the or two mounds extra weight can be put on the chicks from ordinary farm hens by using males of approximately If a carpet will protect a floor then a standard weight of Rhode Island Reds

> Free Range Is Ideal. Free sauge is ideal, being conductve to rapid and enghanical growth, with feed material in the thing of grubs, insects and green grass.

Good Feed for Start. Little interiors and little turkeys usuilly do well if spiried on johnnycake, aked hard, crumbles and fed dry.

Greatest Theatrical Paper in America.

Ah persons interested in the happens AMUSEMENT WORLD. Cannot afford to be without it. PUBLICHED WEEKLY, \$4 PER YEAR. SINGLE COPY, 10 CENTS. SAMPLE COPY FREE. Lidrens MEW YORK CLIPPIR



Method Has Advantage of Being Adapted to Small Plants-Can Be Done During Winter.

(From the United States Department of

Agriculture.)
Whip grafting is the one ulmost universally used in root grafting. It has the advantage of being well udapted to small plunts only one or two years of age, as well us the other great consideration that it can be done indoars during the comparative leisure of winter.

The graft is made by cutting the stock off diagonally—one long, smooth cut with a sharp knife, leaving about three-fourths of an inch of cut surof the distance from the end of the cut surface, at right angles to the cut, and split the stock in the direction of



Whip Grafting: a, the Stock; b, the Seion; c, Stock and Scion United.

too great. After the scion and stock have been locked together they should he wrapped with five or six turns of waxed cotton to hold the parts firmly

While top grafting may be done in this way, it is in root grafting that the whip graft finds its distinctive field. When the roots are cut imp lengths of two to five or six inches to be used as etocks, the operation is known as pieceroot grafting. Sometimes the entire

The roots are due and the scions are sut in the fall and succes. The work of grafting may be done during the winter months. When the operation has been performed, the grafts are packed away in moss, sawdust or sand in a cool cellar to remain until signer. It is important that the place of storage should be cool, else the grafts may start into growth and be ruined, or heating and rotting may occur. If the temperature is kept low-nat above 40 degrees F, there will be no growth except cullusing and the

knitting together of stock and seion. In ordinary propagation by means of whip grafts, the scion is cut with about three buds, and the stock is nearly as long as the scion. The graft is so planted as to bring the union of stock and seion not very for helow the surface of the ground; hit where the trees are required to be especially hardy in order to stund severe winters, and the roots used are not known to be so hardy us the plants from which the scions have been cut, a different plan is admitted. The scions are ent much longer and the roots may he gut shorter, and the graft is planted so deep as to cause roots to issue from the lower end of the seion. When taken up to get in the orchard, the original root may be remared entirely, leaving nothing but the sclon and the roots which have been put forth from it. This Is a common practice lu preparing nursery stock for planting in the northeffi part of the Mississippi valley.

ATTENTION TO FRUIT TREES

Make Careful Inspection and Remove All Branches Broken by Storms or Heavy Crop.

Inspect carefully all fruit trees and remove any branches that have been broken by summer storms or a heavy crop of fruit. 'If only slightly broken they may be propped up in such a way as to grow back together. If not remove by saying off right up close to the main body of the tree or other branch from which it comes.

CAREFULLY PICK ALL APPLES

Each Specimen Should Be Flaced in Basket, Box or barrel \$8 88 Not to Bruise It.

In picking apples and other fruit use great care in pincing each speci carefully in the baskets and boxes or buesses co as not to braise it. See that picking mad the boxes are free frem splinters and



Reark's, Greenville Ky

STYLE XVI VICTROLA, \$225

The Aristocrat of the Victor Family

Its very appearance suggest culture and refinements —the kind of instrument you are proud to have in

your home—to have your friends see that brings you prestige and their respect.

To appreciate its individuality and wonderful tone reproducing qualities it must be seen and heard in comparison with all other models. Artistic---made from chociest woods---beautifully finished---

enters the finest homes to delight and entertain. To own one is to know complète satisfaction.



VICTROLAS, RECORDS, CABINETS, SUPPLIES The J. L. ROARK ESTATE KENTUCKY GREENVILLE,

SOME MAN TO THE TOTAL TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY



Why children need the Victrola

It's a playmate to them. Keeps them out of mischief. Plays for them to dance or romp—or sings and tells them stories.

But it gives something greater than amusement. A Victrola in the home helps shape the spiritual and mental growth of children, helps form their characters and tastes, helps educate them. And it's a great help to every mother!

Is there a Victrola in your home? You may think you can't afford one, but we'll show you that you can, You'll say you never heard of more generous terms than ours, Victrolas \$15 to \$400. Come in today and hear yours.

VICTROLAS RECORDS.

DIDN'T ACT

Says 65 year Old Kentucky Lady, Who Tells How She Was Relieved

After a Few Doses of Black-Draught.

fix. I was constipated, my liver give in cleansing the system and re-

didn't act. My digestion was bad, and lieving the troubles that come from

it took so little to upset me. My ap- constipation, indigestion, lazy liver,

petite was gone. I was very weak... etc. You cannot keep well unless your I decided I would give Black- stomach, liver and bowels are in good Draught a thorough trial as I knew it working order. Keep them that way. was highly recommended for this Try Dlack-Draught. It acts promptly, trouble. I began taking it. I felt gently and in a natural way. If you better after a few doses. My appetite feel sluggish, take a dose tonight.

improved and I became stronger. My You will feel fresh tomorrow. Price

bowels acted naturally and the least 25c. a package One cent a doge

Fat Cornbread.

trouble was soon righted with a few All drugglate.

Meadersville, Ky.-Mrg, Cynthia | doses of Black-Draught,"

Hissiphotham, of this town, says: "At

my age, which is 65, the liver does

not act so well as when young. A few

years ago, my stomach was all out of



made Thedford's Black-Draught

member, of every family, at times,

need the help that Black-Draught can

STOP AT THE GALT HOUSE WHEN IN LOUISVILLE GOOD ROOMS FOR \$1.00 A DAY

HERE IS A GOOD PLACE TO STOP FOR LITTLE MONEY

LOUISVILLE HOTEL, Louisville, Ky., Main St., bet. 6th & 7

The Only Hotel in Louisville Operated on the American and European Plans.

EUROPEAN PLAN. Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running water

(Without Meals)
75 Rooms_____single, \$1.00 per day; 2 people \$0.75 each
50 Rooms____single, 1.25 per day; 2 people 1.00 each
50 Front Rooms____single, 1.50 per day; 2 people 1.25 each

THE OLD INN, Louisville, Ky., Corner Sixth and Main Streets

European Plan Only

Rooms Without Bath, \$1.00 and up; Rooms Wi Private Bath. \$1.50 and up.

BEST EATING PLACE IN TOWN.

The Louisville Hotel and the Old Inn are located in the whole-

sale district and only a three-block's walk to the retail district

Louisville Motel and Old Inn Co. Props.

Rooms with Pribate Bath:

Rooms with Pribate Bath:

MERICAN FLAN. Rooms without Bath but with Hot and Cold Running Water.

75 Rooms.....single, \$2.00 per day; 2 people \$2.00 each

50 Rooms ____single, 2.50 per day; 2 people 2.25 each

50 Front Rooms ____single, 3.00 pes day; 2 people 2.50 each

50 Rooms....single, 3.00 per day; 2 people 2.75 each

50 Rooms _____single, 1.50 per day; 2 people 1.25 each 50 Rooms _____single, 2.00 per day; 2 people 1.50 each

50 Roome____single, 3.50 per day, 2 people 3.00 epole

EUROPEAN PLAN Fine Dining Room with Excellent Service and Low Prices Free Auto-Bus Meets Trains. Turkish and Electric Baths

FOR RESERVATIONS

DIGESTION WAS BAD THE ADLER PIANO AND THE ADLER ORGAN

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Remember, a retailer has his expense of selling, besides his profit. You can save

We make as fine instruments as are manufactured and sell direct to the homes on Seventy years of successful use her small payments and liberal termz if desired. We have a special Showroom conveniently located at our factory, Twenty-ninth and Chestnut Streets, where the ADLER Planes and Organs can be seen finished and

standard, household remedy. Every in process of construction. Come and see us or send for the catalogue you desire Direct from Our Factory to Your Home—Pianos, rgans and Player-Pianes—

> Wholesale Prices—Easy Payments TEAR OFF AND MAIL THIS RECORD COUPON.

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